

KINGSWAY REGIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT



Committed to Excellence

Course Name: Percussion Ensemble I & II	Grade Level(s): 9-12
Department: Music	Credits: 1
BOE Adoption Date: October 2016	Revision Date(s): October 2019

ABSTRACT

Percussion Ensemble Course is designed to offer student percussionists practical experience in the playing of percussion instruments in a variety of chamber music settings. The concepts set forth in this curriculum – rhythm, articulation, technical development, music theory, listening and analysis, musical expression, and care and maintenance of equipment – are designed to be taught simultaneously throughout the school year. Varied repertoire provides students with the opportunity to work with many different types and styles of music, thus allowing them to be exposed to different expressive qualities, technical demands, etc. Students will continue to address these concepts throughout the school year in ways that engage them and allows them to experiment and scrutinize how these concepts are evident in different styles of music. Extensive performance opportunities are provided to students as they progress through the program.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Mission Statement	Page 3
Curriculum and Instruction Goals	Page 3
Philosophy of Shared Curriculum Service with South Harrison Township Elementary	Page 3
How to Read this Document	Page 4
Terms to Know	Page 4-5
Pacing Guide	Page 6-9
Curriculum Units	Page(s) 10-39

Mission Statement

The **Kingsway Regional School District** believes that this school district is responsible for developing and maintaining a comprehensive educational program that will foster the academic, social, and personal growth of all students. The Kingsway Regional School District provides a secure, supportive environment. It also provides high quality resources to challenge and empower each individual to pursue his/her potential, to develop a passion for learning in a diverse and challenging world, to encourage active citizenship, and to reach a high standard of achievement at all grade levels as defined by the New Jersey Student Learning Standards (NJSLS).

Curriculum & Instruction Goals

To ensure the District continues to work toward its mission of excellence in G.R.E.A.T. Instruction, the following curriculum and instruction goals direct the conversation:

Goal(s):

1. To ensure students are college and career ready upon graduation
2. To vertically and horizontally align curriculum K-12 to ensure successful transition of students at each grade level
3. To identify individual student strengths and weaknesses utilizing various assessment measures (formative, summative, alternative, etc.) so as to differentiate instruction while meeting the rigor of the applicable content standards
4. To improve student achievement as assessed through multiple measures including, but not limited to, state testing, local assessments, and ongoing progress monitoring

How to Read this Document

This curricular document contains both *pacing guides* and *curriculum units*. The pacing guides serve to communicate an estimated timeframe as to *when* skills and topics will be taught throughout the year. The pacing, however, may differ slightly depending upon the unique needs of each learner. The *curriculum units* contain more detailed information as to the content, goals, and objectives of the course well as how students will be assessed. The terms and definitions below will assist the reader to better understand the sections and components of this curriculum document.

Terms to Know

1. **Accommodation(s): *Accommodations*** are adaptations that do not alter the learning goal or standards being measured; accommodations can be for all students.
2. **Differentiated Instruction (DI):** The idea of differentiating instruction to accommodate the different ways that students learn involves a hefty dose of common sense, as well as sturdy support in the theory and research of education (Tomlinson & Allan, 2000). It is an approach to teaching that advocates active planning for student differences in classrooms. Teachers can differentiate content, process, product, or environment. DI can be done according to students' readiness, interest, or learning profile.
3. **Enduring Understanding:** Enduring understandings (aka big ideas) are statements of understanding that articulate deep conceptual understandings at the heart of each content area. Enduring understandings are noted in the alongside essential questions within each unit in this document.
4. **Essential Question:** These are questions whose purpose is to stimulate thought, to provoke inquiry, and to spark more questions. They extend beyond a single lesson or unit. Essential questions are noted in the beginning of each unit in this document.
5. **Formative Assessments:** Formative assessments monitor student learning to provide ongoing feedback that can be used by (1) instructors to improve teaching and (2) by students to improve their learning. Formative assessments help identify students' strengths and weaknesses and address problems immediately.
6. **Learning Activity(s):** Learning activities are those activities that take place in the classroom for which the teacher facilitates and the students participate in to ensure active engagement in the learning process. (Robert J. Marzano, *The Art and Science of Teaching*)
7. **Learning Assignment(s):** Learning assignments are those activities that take place independently by the student inside the classroom or outside the classroom (i.e. homework) to extend concepts and skills within a lesson.
8. **Learning Goal(s):** Learning goals are broad statements that note what students "should know" and/or "be able to do" as they progress through a unit. Learning goals correlate specifically to the NJSLs noted within each unit.
9. **Learning Objective(s):** Learning objectives are more specific skills and concepts that students must achieve as they progress towards the broader learning goal. These are included within each unit and are assessed frequently by the teacher to ensure students are progressing appropriately.
10. **Modification(s): *Modifications*** are adaptations that alter the learning goals and grade-level standards. Modifications are warranted when the learner has significant needs that impede his or her ability to access grade-level concepts. They are most appropriate for appropriate some students with IEPs and some English Language Learners.

11. **Performance Assessments:** (aka alternative or authentic assessments) Performance assessments are a form of assessment that requires students to perform tasks that generate a more authentic evaluation of a student’s knowledge, skills, and abilities. Performance assessments stress the application of knowledge and extend beyond traditional assessments (i.e. multiple-choice question, matching, true & false, etc.).
12. **Standards:** Academic standards, from which the curriculum is built, are statements that of what students “should know” or “be able to do” upon completion of a grade-level or course of study. Educational standards help teachers ensure their students have the skills and knowledge they need to be successful by providing clear goals for student learning.
 - **State:** The New Jersey Student Learning Standards (NJSLs) include Preschool Teaching and Learning Standards as well as K-12 standards for: *Visual and Performing Arts; Comprehensive Health and Physical Education; Science; Social Studies; World Languages; Technology; 21st-Century Life and Careers; Language Arts Literacy; and, Mathematics*
13. **Summative Assessments:** Summative assessments evaluate student learning at the end of an instructional time period by comparing it against some standard or benchmark. Information from summative assessments can be used formatively when students or faculty use it to guide their efforts and activities in subsequent courses.
14. **21st Century Skills & Themes:** These elements emphasize the growing need to focus on skills that prepare students to successfully compete in a global environment by focusing on the following: learning and innovation skills; information, media and technology skills; and life and career skills. These concepts are embedded in each unit of the curriculum.

Proficiencies and Pacing Guide:

The concepts in this curriculum – rhythm, articulation, technical development, music theory, listening and analysis, musical expression, and care and maintenance of equipment – are designed to be taught simultaneously throughout the school year. Students study the concepts by scrutinizing the concepts evident in different styles of music. They are then given the opportunity to experiment and apply the concepts on their own, in a cycle of increasing complexity, as they move through the course work and demonstrate their understanding in extensive performance opportunities.

Course Title: Percussion Ensemble I & II**Prerequisite(s): None**

Unit Title:	Duration/ Month(s)	Related Standards:	Learning Goals:	Topics and Skills:
Unit 1: Technical Development	Throughout the school year	NJSLS.VPA.1.3.12.B.1 World Languages: NJSLS.7.1NH.A.3. Social Studies: 6.3 Technology: NJSLS.8.1.12.B.1. 21 st Century Life and Careers: CRP12	Students will be able to: Approach all percussive instruments and use appropriate hand position/grip Demonstrate the ability to execute proper “stickings” and auxiliary percussion technique. Execute teacher directed warm-up routine and eventually transition to independent warm-up.	Proper instrument carriage and hand position/grip. Correct sticking and auxiliary percussion technique. An instrument specific warm-up routine. Scales and scale based exercises. Execution of correct timpani tuning technique and muting, ability to execute four-mallet technique, demonstration of advanced snare drum technique.
Unit 2: Rhythm	Throughout the school year	NJSLS.VPA.1.3 NJSLS.VPA.1.3.12.B.1 World Languages: NJSLS.7.1NH.A.3. Social Studies: 6.3 Technology:	Students will be able to: Identify and perform the following rests and corresponding notes: whole, dotted half, half, dotted quarter, quarter, dotted eighth, eighth, dotted sixteenth, sixteenth, thirty-second, half note triplet, quarter note triplet, eighth note triplet, sixteenth note triplet and tied notes of all lengths. Execute an external steady beat while maintaining an internal steady beat.	Rhythmic Notation Pulse The concept of subdivision. Various counting systems The concept of syncopation.

Unit Title:	Duration/ Month(s)	Related Standards:	Learning Goals:	Topics and Skills:
		NJSLS.8.1.12.B.1. 21 st Century Life and Careers: CRP12	Use a metronome regularly during practice and rehearsals. Understand, discuss, and demonstrate the concept of subdivision and apply it to their lesson and band music. Analyze and perform music with the universal counting system such as 1+2+3+4+ and 1e+a 2e+a 3e+a 4e+a. Understand, discuss, and demonstrate the concept of syncopation and apply it to their lesson and band music.	
Unit 3: Articulation	Throughout the school year	NJSLS.VPA.1.3 NJSLS.VPA.1.3.12.B.1 World Languages: NJSLS.7.1NH.A.3. Social Studies: 6.3 Technology: NJSLS.8.1.12.B.1. 21 st Century Life and Careers: CRP12	Students will be able to: Verbalize, define, identify, and perform the following articulation styles: Accent, Slur, Staccato, Legato, Marcato, and Tenuto. In addition, adapt the length of the articulation to the style and tempo of the music.	Correct striking motion and grip to be able to perform specific articulations for all percussion instruments.
Unit 4: Music Theory	Throughout the school year	NJSLS.VPA.1.1.5 NJSLS.VPA.1.2.5 NJSLS.VPA.1.3.5 NJSLS.VPA.1.4.5	Students will be able to: Identify and perform time signatures of (4/4, 3/4, 2/4, 5/4, 6/4, 7/4, 2/2, 3/8, 5/8, 6/8, 9/8, 12/8 & 12/4).	The use of time signatures and apply the knowledge to their music performance. Common time vs. cut time

Unit Title:	Duration/ Month(s)	Related Standards:	Learning Goals:	Topics and Skills:
		<p>World Languages: NJSLS.7.1NH.A.3.</p> <p>Social Studies: 6.3</p> <p>Technology: NJSLS.8.1.12.B.1.</p> <p>21st Century Life and Careers: CRP12</p>	<p>Perform and differentiate common time and cut time.</p> <p>Compose and perform music in Simple and Complex meters.</p> <p>Perform music in major and minor key signatures up to 7 sharps and 7 flats.</p> <p>Differentiate and perform high school level music containing half steps and whole steps created through accidentals.</p> <p>General music symbols: staff, clefs (treble, alto, tenor, bass,) bar line, pitch, ledger lines, rests, repeats, dynamics, D.C./D.S. al coda/fine, fermatas, first and second endings, sharp, natural, flat signs, and tempo markings.</p>	<p>Compound meters vs. simple meters</p> <p>The knowledge of key signatures (all major and minor key signatures) and apply that knowledge to their performance of high school literature.</p> <p>Accidentals</p> <p>The frequent use of general musical symbols.</p>
Unit 5: Listening and Analysis	Throughout the school year	<p>NJSLS.VPA.1.2 NJSLS.VPA.1.4 NJSLS.VPA.1.1.12.B.2 NJSLS.VPA.1.3.12.B.1</p> <p>Technology: NJSLS.8.1.12.B.1.</p> <p>21st Century Life and Careers: CRP12</p>	<p>Students will be able to:</p> <p>Listen for and adjust their tone to have a characteristic warm, dark, and focused sound.</p> <p>Identify and control the blending of their sound both within their instrument section and within the ensemble.</p> <p>Match the playing style of the ensemble.</p> <p>Listen as an individual and as a section down to the lowest voices.</p> <p>Match the ensemble intonation.</p> <p>Record and analyze their playing with the use of a personal recording device.</p>	<p>Individual listening skills.</p> <p>Listening skills within an ensemble.</p> <p>How to utilize recordings to develop their skills.</p>

Unit Title:	Duration/ Month(s)	Related Standards:	Learning Goals:	Topics and Skills:
			<p>Listen to recording of their ensemble’s rehearsal and performances and critically analyze the recording.</p> <p>Critique professional concerts and recordings of professional groups to continue to develop a concept of individual and ensemble tone.</p>	
Unit 6: Musical Expression	Throughout the school year	<p>NJSLS.VPA.1.4.12.B.1 NJSLS.VPA.1.4.12.B.2 NJSLS.VPA.1.4.12.B.3 NJSLS.VPA.1.3.12.B.2 NJSLS.VPA.1.3.12.B.3</p> <p>World Languages: NJSLS.7.1NH.A.3.</p> <p>Social Studies: 6.3</p> <p>Technology: NJSLS.8.1.12.B.1.</p> <p>21st Century Life and Careers: CRP12</p>	<p>Students will be able to: Apply the full spectrum of dynamics consistently throughout performance and practice.</p> <p>Musically express themselves while playing their instrument by implementing implied dynamics as well as many other musical phrasing decisions.</p> <p>Emotionally express themselves while practicing and performing.</p> <p>Analyze their performance proficiency relative to musical expression through the use of self-recordings. This includes recordings of ensemble rehearsals, as well as individual recordings performed through SmartMusic.</p> <p>Draw upon their current knowledge of music to make informed musical decisions about new music they are learning.</p>	<p>The effect of dynamics on musical expression.</p> <p>The concept of musical awareness.</p> <p>The possibilities of performance practices.</p>
Unit 7: Care and Maintenance of Equipment	Throughout the school year	<p>NJSLS.VPA.1.2.2.A.1 NJSLS.VPA.1.2.2.A.2 NJSLS.VPA.1.4.2.A.1 NJSLS.VPA.1.4.2.A.2</p> <p>World Languages: NJSLS.7.1NH.A.3.</p>	<p>Students will be able to: Assist with cleaning and maintenance of the entire inventory of percussion instruments.</p> <p>Diagnose and repair minor problems with or without the aid of the teacher.</p>	<p>Cleaning and maintenance of instruments.</p> <p>Repair of instruments.</p>

Unit Title:	Duration/ Month(s)	Related Standards:	Learning Goals:	Topics and Skills:
		Social Studies: 6.3 Technology: NJSLS.8.1.12.B.1. 21 st Century Life and Careers: CRP12		

Unit: 1 - Technical Development	Recommended Duration: Throughout the school year
--	---

Unit Description:
 In this unit student musicians will learn about technique i.e. controlling the body to create sound. The musician must think about what needs to be done in a specific musical situation, and determine the most efficient and effective way to achieve a result.

Essential Questions:	Enduring Understandings:
Is technical development necessary to perform a musical composition?	Technical proficiency is an essential element of musical performance.
Why do musicians need to be technically proficient?	More difficult music necessitates a higher level of technical facility.
How does improved technique increase performance options?	Developing one’s technique opens up many musical opportunities.
What are some tools that can be used to assist in technical development?	A metronome is an essential tool in improving technique.
Are there certain things I should play as I warm up before practicing or performing?	A standard warm-up routine will assist in improving performance capabilities.

Relevant Standards:	Learning Goals:	Learning Objectives:
NJSLS.VPA.1.3.12.B.1	Students will be able to: - approach all percussive instruments and use appropriate hand position/grip - Demonstrate the ability to execute proper stickings and auxiliary percussion technique. - Execute teacher directed warm-up routine and eventually transition to independent warm-up.	Proper instrument carriage and hand position/grip. Correct sticking and auxiliary percussion technique. An instrument specific warm-up routine. Scales and scale based exercises.

Formative Assessments	Summative Assessments:	Performance Assessments:	Major Activities/ Assignments (required):
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Daily Sight Reading - Daily Performance practice - Music Work/Notebook - Peer Critique 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Terminology Quizzes - Notation Quizzes - Performance Section Quizzes (individual, small group, full ensemble) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Formal Performance Tests (individual, small group, full ensemble) - Formal Theory Tests 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - October Concert - Holiday Concert - Spring Concert - End of Year Concert - Any other concerts that will occur

Formative Assessments	Summative Assessments:	Performance Assessments:	Major Activities/ Assignments (required):
	Written (note book) Reflection		throughout the school year - Formally critique/discuss music performances presented making use of the common musical vocabulary learned throughout the school year

Possible Assessment Adjustments (Modifications /Accommodations/ Differentiation):
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Additional time to complete tasks/projects • Performance vs. Written tasks/projects • Multiple attempts

Instructional Strategies
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Scaffolding • Modeling • Chunking • Direct Instruction • Monitoring

Possible Instructional Adjustments (Modifications /Accommodations/ Differentiation):
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Small Group vs. Individual work • Hands on activities • Instructions/expectations given several ways (lecture/listening/written).

Unit Vocabulary:
<p>Essential: Posture, Grip, Technique</p> <p>Non-Essential:</p>

Interdisciplinary Connections (Applicable Standards):	Integration of Technology:	21 st Century Themes:	21 st Century Skills:
<p>E/LA: NJ SLS</p> <p>Mathematics:</p> <p>Science:</p> <p>Visual and Performing Arts:</p> <p>Health/PE:</p> <p>World Languages: NJSLS.7.1NH.A.3. Recognize some common gestures and cultural practices associated with target culture(s)</p> <p>Social Studies: 6.3 Active Citizenship in the 21st Century: All students will acquire the skills needed to be active, informed citizens who value cultural diversity and promote cultural understanding by working collaboratively to address the challenges that are inherent in living in an interconnected world.</p> <p>Technology: NJSLS.8.1.12.B.1. The use of digital tools and media-rich resources enhances creativity and the construction of knowledge.</p> <p>21st Century Life and Careers: CRP12. Work productively in teams</p>	<p>Technology: Smart Music YouTube, DVD and CDs: musical examples.</p> <p>CANVAS: network Websites: Vicfirth.com</p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Global Awareness</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Civic Literacy</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Financial, Economic, Business, & Entrepreneurial Literacy</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Health Literacy</p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Creativity & Innovation</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Media Literacy</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Critical Thinking and Problem Solving</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Life and Career Skills</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Information & Communication Technologies Literacy</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Communication & Collaboration</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Information Literacy</p>

Interdisciplinary Connections (Applicable Standards):	Integration of Technology:	21st Century Themes:	21st Century Skills:
while using cultural global competence Library:			

Resources:
<p>Texts/Materials: A diverse and varied collection of performance and practice pieces Manuscript paper Metronome CD player Professional recordings Vic Firth Education Resources Practice Pad and Sticks SmartMusic Software</p> <p>Major Assignments (required): October Concert Holiday Concert Spring Concert End of Year Concert</p> <p>Major Activities (required): Formal Critiques and Discussions of Performances (individual and group)</p>

Unit: 2 - Rhythm	Recommended Duration: Throughout the school year
<p>Unit Description: Rhythm (from Greek <i>ῥυθμός</i>, <i>rhythmos</i>, "any regular recurring motion, symmetry" (Liddell and Scott 1996)) generally means a "movement marked by the regulated succession of strong and weak elements, or of opposite or different conditions" (Anon. 1971, 2537). In the performing arts, rhythm is the timing of events on a human scale; of musical sounds and silences, of the steps of a dance, or the meter of spoken language and poetry. Rhythm may also refer to visual presentation, as "timed movement through space" (Jirousek 1995)</p>	

Essential Questions:	Enduring Understandings:
<p>Why steady rhythm important in ensemble playing?</p> <p>Does the variety of rhythm add intensity to a piece of music?</p>	<p>Mathematical subdivisions and equivalencies of the various musical rhythmic notations must be understood in order to perform music literature correctly.</p> <p>The performer should subdivide the beat to the shortest duration of the piece being played.</p>

Relevant Standards:	Learning Goals:	Learning Objectives:
<p>NJSLS.VPA.1.3 NJSLS.VPA.1.3.12.B.1</p>	<p>Students will be able to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Identify and perform the following rests and corresponding notes: whole, dotted half, half, dotted quarter, quarter, dotted eighth, eighth, dotted sixteenth, sixteenth, thirty-second, half note triplet, quarter note triplet, eighth note triplet, sixteenth note triplet and tied notes of all lengths. -Execute an external steady beat while maintaining an internal steady beat. -Use a metronome regularly during practice and rehearsals. -Understand, discuss, and demonstrate the concept of subdivision and apply it to their lesson 	<p>Rhythmic Notation</p> <p>Pulse</p> <p>The concept of subdivision.</p> <p>Various counting systems</p> <p>The concept of syncopation.</p>

Relevant Standards:	Learning Goals:	Learning Objectives:
	<p>and band music.</p> <p>-Analyze and perform music with the universal counting system such as 1+2+3+4+ and 1e+a 2e+a 3e+a 4e+a.</p> <p>-Understand, discuss, and demonstrate the concept of syncopation and apply it to their lesson and band music.</p>	

Formative Assessments	Summative Assessments:	Performance Assessments:	Major Activities/ Assignments (required):
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Daily Sight Reading - Daily Performance practice - Music Work/Notebook - Peer Critique 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Terminology Quizzes - Notation Quizzes - Performance Section Quizzes (individual, small group, full ensemble) - Written (note book) Reflection 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Formal Performance Tests (individual, small group, full ensemble) - Formal Theory Tests 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - October Concert - Holiday Concert - Spring Concert - End of Year Concert - Any other concerts that will occur throughout the school year - Formally critique/discuss music performances presented making use of the common musical vocabulary learned throughout the school year

Possible Assessment Adjustments (Modifications /Accommodations/ Differentiation):
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Additional time to complete tasks/projects ● Performance vs. Written tasks/projects ● Multiple attempts

Instructional Strategies:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Scaffolding ● Modeling

Instructional Strategies:

- Chunking
- Direct Instruction
- Monitoring

Possible Instructional Adjustments (Modifications /Accommodations/ Differentiation):

- Small Group vs. Individual work
- Hands on activities
- Instructions/expectations given several ways (lecture/listening/written).

Unit Vocabulary:

Essential: pulse, subdivision, syncopation, whole, dotted half, half, dotted quarter, quarter, dotted eighth, eighth, dotted sixteenth, sixteenth, thirty-second, half note triplet, quarter note triplet, eighth note triplet, sixteenth note triplet

Non-Essential:

Interdisciplinary Connections (Applicable Standards):	Integration of Technology:	21st Century Themes:	21st Century Skills:
<p>E/LA: NJ SLS</p> <p>Mathematics:</p> <p>Science:</p> <p>Visual and Performing Arts:</p> <p>Health/PE:</p> <p>World Languages: NJSLS.7.1NH.A.3. Recognize some common gestures and cultural practices associated with target culture(s)</p>	<p>Technology: Smart Music</p> <p>YouTube, DVD and CDs: musical examples.</p> <p>CANVAS: network</p> <p>Websites: Vicfirth.com</p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Global Awareness</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Civic Literacy</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Financial, Economic, Business, & Entrepreneurial Literacy</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Health Literacy</p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Creativity & Innovation</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Media Literacy</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Critical Thinking and Problem Solving</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Life and Career Skills</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Information & Communication Technologies Literacy</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Communication & Collaboration</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Information Literacy</p>

Interdisciplinary Connections (Applicable Standards):	Integration of Technology:	21st Century Themes:	21st Century Skills:
<p>Social Studies: 6.3 Active Citizenship in the 21st Century: All students will acquire the skills needed to be active, informed citizens who value cultural diversity and promote cultural understanding by working collaboratively to address the challenges that are inherent in living in an interconnected world.</p> <p>Technology: NJSLS.8.1.12.B.1. The use of digital tools and media-rich resources enhances creativity and the construction of knowledge.</p> <p>21st Century Life and Careers: CRP12. Work productively in teams while using cultural global competence</p> <p>Library:</p>			

Resources:
<p>Texts/Materials: A diverse and varied collection of performance and practice pieces Manuscript paper Metronome CD player Professional recordings Vic Firth Education Resources Practice Pad and Sticks SmartMusic Software</p>

Resources:

Major Assignments (required):

October Concert

Holiday Concert

Spring Concert

End of Year Concert

Major Activities (required):

Formal Critiques and Discussions of Performances (individual and group)

Unit: 3 - Articulation	Recommended Duration: [Weeks– Months] Throughout the school year
-------------------------------	---

Unit Description:
 In this unit students will study **articulation** which, in music, refers to the direction or performance technique which affects the transition or continuity on a single note or between multiple notes or sounds. There are many types of articulation, each with a different effect on how the note is played. In music notation articulation marks include the slur, phrase mark, staccato, staccatissimo, accent, sforzando, rinforzando, and legato. A different symbol, placed above or below the note (depending on its position on the staff), represents each articulation.

Essential Questions:	Enduring Understandings:
<p>Is articulation necessary?</p> <p>Are music articulation and spoken language related?</p> <p>How do different articulations affect musical style?</p> <p>Do different articulations have an impact on the listener?</p>	<p>Articulation is the beginning of all tone production. Articulation impacts all elements of music.</p> <p>There are many different types of articulations, which are used to perform different styles of music.</p> <p>The way the performer thinks about the articulations will affect the way it is performed.</p>

Relevant Standards:	Learning Goals:	Learning Objectives:
<p>NJSLS.VPA.1.3 NJSLS.VPA.1.3.12.B.1</p>	<p>Students will be able to: Verbalize, define, identify, and perform the following articulation styles: Accent, Slur, Staccato, Legato, Marcato, and Tenuto. In addition, adapt the length of the articulation to the style and tempo of the music.</p>	<p>Using the correct striking motion and grip for percussion instruments.</p>

Formative Assessments	Summative Assessments:	Performance Assessments:	Major Activities/ Assignments (required):
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Daily Sight Reading - Daily Performance practice - Music Work/Notebook - Peer Critique 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Terminology Quizzes - Notation Quizzes - Performance Section Quizzes (individual, small group, full ensemble) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Formal Performance Tests (individual, small group, full ensemble) - Formal Theory Tests 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - October Concert - Holiday Concert - Spring Concert - End of Year Concert - Any other concerts that will occur

Formative Assessments	Summative Assessments:	Performance Assessments:	Major Activities/ Assignments (required):
	- Written (note book) Reflection		throughout the school year - Formally critique/discuss music performances presented making use of the common musical vocabulary learned throughout the school year

Possible Assessment Adjustments (Modifications /Accommodations/ Differentiation):
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Additional time to complete tasks/projects • Performance vs. Written tasks/projects • Multiple attempts

Instructional Strategies:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Scaffolding • Modeling • Chunking • Direct Instruction • Monitoring

Possible Instructional Adjustments (Modifications /Accommodations/ Differentiation):
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Small Group vs. Individual work • Hands on activities • Instructions/expectations given several ways (lecture/listening/written).

Unit Vocabulary:
<p>Essential: Accent, Slur, Staccato, Legato, Marcato, and Tenuto.</p> <p>Non-Essential:</p>

Interdisciplinary Connections (Applicable Standards):	Integration of Technology:	21st Century Themes:	21st Century Skills:
<p>E/LA: NJ SLS</p> <p>Mathematics:</p> <p>Science:</p> <p>Visual and Performing Arts:</p> <p>Health/PE:</p> <p>World Languages: NJSLS.7.1NH.A.3. Recognize some common gestures and cultural practices associated with target culture(s)</p> <p>Social Studies: 6.3 Active Citizenship in the 21st Century: All students will acquire the skills needed to be active, informed citizens who value cultural diversity and promote cultural understanding by working collaboratively to address the challenges that are inherent in living in an interconnected world.</p> <p>Technology: NJSLS.8.1.12.B.1. The use of digital tools and media-rich resources enhances creativity and the construction of knowledge.</p> <p>21st Century Life and Careers: CRP12. Work productively in teams</p>	<p>Technology: Smart Music YouTube, DVD and CDs: musical examples.</p> <p>CANVAS: network</p> <p>Websites: Vicfirth.com</p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Global Awareness</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Civic Literacy</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Financial, Economic, Business, & Entrepreneurial Literacy</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Health Literacy</p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Creativity & Innovation</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Media Literacy</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Critical Thinking and Problem Solving</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Life and Career Skills</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Information & Communication Technologies Literacy</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Communication & Collaboration</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Information Literacy</p>

Interdisciplinary Connections (Applicable Standards):	Integration of Technology:	21 st Century Themes:	21 st Century Skills:
while using cultural global competence Library:			

Resources:
<p>Texts/Materials: A diverse and varied collection of performance and practice pieces Manuscript paper Metronome CD player Professional recordings Vic Firth Education Resources Practice Pad and Sticks SmartMusic Software</p> <p>Major Assignments (required): October Concert Holiday Concert Spring Concert End of Year Concert</p> <p>Major Activities (required): Formal Critiques and Discussions of Performances (individual and group)</p>

Unit: 4 - Music Theory	Recommended Duration: Throughout the school year
-------------------------------	---

Unit Description:
Music theory is the study of the practices and possibilities of music. Throughout the year when studying music theory, students will focus on academic study and analysis of fundamental elements of music such as pitch, rhythm, harmony, and form, and refers to descriptions, concepts, or beliefs related to music. Because of the ever-expanding conception of what constitutes music, a more inclusive definition could be that music theory is the consideration of any sonic phenomena, including silence, as it relates to music.

Essential Questions:	Enduring Understandings:
Does a professional musician always have music theory knowledge? If not, why?	The approach to learning musical symbols in music is the same as the approach to learning any unfamiliar language.
What is the advantage to having music theory knowledge for a professional musician or a high school musician?	Basic music knowledge is just as important to know as instrument specific music knowledge.
How do high school musicians apply the knowledge from general music class into instrumental lessons or ensembles?	Having a strong music theory knowledge base is essential to a musician who is sight reading music.
What music theory knowledge is essential to a high school player's musical education?	

Relevant Standards:	Learning Goals:	Learning Objectives:
NJSLS.VPA.1.1.5 NJSLS.VPA.1.2.5 NJSLS.VPA.1.3.5 NJSLS.VPA.1.4.5	Students will be able to: Identify and perform time signatures of (4/4, 3/4, 2/4, 5/4, 6/4, 7/4, 2/2, 3/8, 5/8, 6/8, 9/8, 12/8 & 12/4). Perform and differentiate common time and cut time. Compose and perform music in Simple and Complex meters. Perform music in major and minor key signatures	The use of time signatures and apply the knowledge to their music performance. Common time vs. cut time Compound meters vs. simple meters The knowledge of key signatures (all major and minor key signatures) and apply that knowledge to their performance of high school literature. Accidentals

Relevant Standards:	Learning Goals:	Learning Objectives:
	<p>up to 7 sharps and 7 flats.</p> <p>Differentiate and perform high school level music containing half steps and whole steps created through accidentals.</p> <p>General music symbols: staff, clefs (treble, alto, tenor, bass,) bar line, pitch, ledger lines, rests, repeats, dynamics, D.C./D.S. al coda/fine, fermatas, first and second endings, sharp, natural, flats signs, and tempo markings</p>	The frequent use of general musical symbols.

Formative Assessments	Summative Assessments:	Performance Assessments:	Major Activities/ Assignments (required):
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Daily Sight Reading - Daily Performance practice - Music Work/Notebook - Peer Critique 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Terminology Quizzes - Notation Quizzes - Performance Section Quizzes (individual, small group, full ensemble) - Written (note book) Reflection 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Formal Performance Tests (individual, small group, full ensemble) - Formal Theory Tests 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - October Concert - Holiday Concert - Spring Concert - End of Year Concert - Any other concerts that will occur throughout the school year - Formally critique/discuss music performances presented making use of the common musical vocabulary learned throughout the school year

Possible Assessment Adjustments (Modifications /Accommodations/ Differentiation):
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Additional time to complete tasks/projects ● Performance vs. Written tasks/projects ● Multiple attempts

Instructional Strategies
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Scaffolding ● Modeling ● Chunking ● Direct Instruction ● Monitoring

Possible Instructional Adjustments (Modifications /Accommodations/ Differentiation):
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Small Group vs. Individual work ● Hands on activities ● Instructions/expectations given several ways (lecture/listening/written).

Unit Vocabulary:
<p>Essential: Meter, Time Signature, Accidentals</p> <p>Non-Essential: General music symbols</p>

Interdisciplinary Connections (Applicable Standards):	Integration of Technology:	21 st Century Themes:	21 st Century Skills:
E/LA: NJ SLS Mathematics: Science: Visual and Performing Arts: Health/PE: World Languages: NJSLS.7.1NH.A.3. Recognize some common gestures and cultural practices associated with target culture(s)	Technology: Smart Music YouTube, DVD and CDs: musical examples. CANVAS: network Websites: Vicfirth.com	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Global Awareness <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Civic Literacy <input type="checkbox"/> Financial, Economic, Business, & Entrepreneurial Literacy <input type="checkbox"/> Health Literacy	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Creativity & Innovation <input type="checkbox"/> Media Literacy <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Critical Thinking and Problem Solving <input type="checkbox"/> Life and Career Skills <input type="checkbox"/> Information & Communication Technologies Literacy <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Communication & Collaboration <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Information Literacy

Interdisciplinary Connections (Applicable Standards):	Integration of Technology:	21st Century Themes:	21st Century Skills:
<p>Social Studies: 6.3 Active Citizenship in the 21st Century: All students will acquire the skills needed to be active, informed citizens who value cultural diversity and promote cultural understanding by working collaboratively to address the challenges that are inherent in living in an interconnected world.</p> <p>Technology: NJSL.8.1.12.B.1. The use of digital tools and media-rich resources enhances creativity and the construction of knowledge.</p> <p>21st Century Life and Careers: CRP12. Work productively in teams while using cultural global competence</p> <p>Library:</p>			

Resources:
<p>Texts/Materials: A diverse and varied collection of performance and practice pieces Manuscript paper Metronome CD player Professional recordings Vic Firth Education Resources Practice Pad and Sticks SmartMusic Software</p>

Resources:

Major Assignments (required):

October Concert
Holiday Concert
Spring Concert
End of Year Concert

Major Activities (required):

Formal Critiques and Discussions of Performances (individual and group)

Unit: 5 - Listening and Analysis	Recommended Duration: [Weeks– Months] Throughout the school year
---	---

Unit Description:
 In order to deconstruct the music, students must learn to listen actively. This unit of study students will listen to and analyze recordings of musical performances from professionals and from their own performances throughout the school year to train student to **actively** listen.

Essential Questions:	Enduring Understandings:
What is ear training in music and why is it important?	Ear training is an integral and needed part of a musician’s music education.
Why is it necessary to know different styles and genres for musical performances?	An essential part of music education includes knowing the different genre and styles in music.
Why is it important to listen/watch to our own playing as well as listen/watch the great musicians? How can we take what we see from the great musicians and apply it to our own playing?	Listening and critiquing recordings of your own playing, as well as professional musician recordings, is an important process for self-improvement.

Relevant Standards:	Learning Goals:	Learning Objectives:
NJSLS.VPA.1.2 NJSLS.VPA.1.4 NJSLS.VPA.1.1.12.B.2 NJSLS.VPA.1.3.12.B.1	<p>Students will be able to:</p> <p>Listen for and adjust their tone to have a characteristic warm, dark, and focused sound.</p> <p>Identify and control the blending of their sound both within their instrument section and within the ensemble.</p> <p>Match the playing style of the ensemble.</p> <p>Listen as an individual and as a section down to the lowest voices.</p> <p>Match the ensemble intonation.</p>	<p>Individual listening skills.</p> <p>Listening skills within an ensemble.</p> <p>How to utilize recordings to develop their skills.</p>

Relevant Standards:	Learning Goals:	Learning Objectives:
	<p>Record and analyze their playing with the use of a personal recording device.</p> <p>Listen to recording of their ensemble’s rehearsal and performances and critically analyze the recording.</p> <p>Critique professional concerts and recordings of professional groups to continue to develop a concept of individual and ensemble tone.</p>	

Formative Assessments	Summative Assessments:	Performance Assessments:	Major Activities/ Assignments (required):
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Daily Sight Reading - Daily Performance practice - Music Work/Notebook - Peer Critique 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Terminology Quizzes - Notation Quizzes - Performance Section Quizzes (individual, small group, full ensemble) - Written (note book) Reflection 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Formal Performance Tests (individual, small group, full ensemble) - Formal Theory Tests 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - October Concert - Holiday Concert - Spring Concert - End of Year Concert - Any other concerts that will occur throughout the school year - Formally critique/discuss music performances presented making use of the common musical vocabulary learned throughout the school year

Possible Assessment Adjustments (Modifications /Accommodations/ Differentiation):
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Additional time to complete tasks/projects ● Performance vs. Written tasks/projects ● Multiple attempts

Instructional Strategies:

- Scaffolding
- Modeling
- Chunking
- Direct Instruction
- Monitoring

Possible Instructional Adjustments (Modifications /Accommodations/ Differentiation):

- Small Group vs. Individual work
- Hands on activities
- Instructions/expectations given several ways (lecture/listening/written).

Unit Vocabulary:

Essential: Blend, Balance, Critique and Analysis
Non-Essential: Listen

Interdisciplinary Connections (Applicable Standards):	Integration of Technology:	21 st Century Themes:	21 st Century Skills:
E/LA: Mathematics: Science: Visual and Performing Arts: Health/PE: World Languages: Social Studies: Technology: NJSLS.8.1.12.B.1. The use of digital tools and media-rich resources	Technology:	<input type="checkbox"/> Global Awareness <input type="checkbox"/> Civic Literacy <input type="checkbox"/> Financial, Economic, Business, & Entrepreneurial Literacy <input type="checkbox"/> Health Literacy	<input type="checkbox"/> Creativity & Innovation <input type="checkbox"/> Media Literacy <input type="checkbox"/> Critical Thinking and Problem Solving <input type="checkbox"/> Life and Career Skills <input type="checkbox"/> Information & Communication Technologies Literacy <input type="checkbox"/> Communication & Collaboration <input type="checkbox"/> Information Literacy

Interdisciplinary Connections (Applicable Standards):	Integration of Technology:	21st Century Themes:	21st Century Skills:
<p>enhances creativity and the construction of knowledge.</p> <p>21st Century Life and Careers: Library: CRP12. Work productively in teams while using cultural global competence</p>			

Resources:
<p>Texts/Materials: A diverse and varied collection of performance and practice pieces Manuscript paper Metronome CD player Professional recordings Vic Firth Education Resources Practice Pad and Sticks SmartMusic Software</p> <p>Major Assignments (required): October Concert Holiday Concert Spring Concert End of Year Concert</p> <p>Major Activities (required): Formal Critiques and Discussions of Performances (individual and group)</p>

Unit: 6 - Musical Expression	Recommended Duration: [Weeks– Months] Throughout the school year
-------------------------------------	---

Unit Description:
Musical expression is the art of playing or singing music with emotional communication. This unit of instruction focuses on the elements of musical expression, which include dynamic indications, such as forte or piano, phrasing, differing qualities of timbre and articulation, color, intensity, energy and excitement. All of these devices are at the service of the composer's intention and they can best be interpreted by the performer.

Essential Questions:	Enduring Understandings:
How do dynamic changes affect phrasing and expression?	Dynamic changes affect expression.
What are ways to convey emotion in music?	Music can convey a limitless range of emotion.

Relevant Standards:	Learning Goals:	Learning Objectives:
NJSLS.VPA.1.4.12.B.1 NJSLS.VPA.1.4.12.B.2 NJSLS.VPA.1.4.12.B.3 NJSLS.VPA.1.3.12.B.2 NJSLS.VPA.1.3.12.B.3	<p>Students will be able to:</p> <p>Apply the full spectrum of dynamics consistently throughout performance and practice.</p> <p>Musically express themselves while playing their instrument by implementing implied dynamics as well as many other musical phrasing decisions.</p> <p>Emotionally express themselves while practicing and performing.</p> <p>Analyze their performance proficiency relative to musical expression through the use of self-recordings. This includes recordings of ensemble rehearsals, as well as individual recordings performed through SmartMusic.</p> <p>Draw upon their current knowledge of music to make informed musical decisions about new music they are learning.</p>	<p>The effect of dynamics on musical expression.</p> <p>The concept of musical awareness.</p> <p>The possibilities of performance practices.</p>

Formative Assessments	Summative Assessments:	Performance Assessments:	Major Activities/ Assignments (required):
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Daily Sight Reading - Daily Performance practice - Music Work/Notebook - Peer Critique 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Terminology Quizzes - Notation Quizzes - Performance Section Quizzes (individual, small group, full ensemble) - Written (note book) Reflection 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Formal Performance Tests (individual, small group, full ensemble) - Formal Theory Tests 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - October Concert - Holiday Concert - Spring Concert - End of Year Concert - Any other concerts that will occur throughout the school year - Formally critique/discuss music performances presented making use of the common musical vocabulary learned throughout the school year

Possible Assessment Adjustments (Modifications /Accommodations/ Differentiation):
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Additional time to complete tasks/projects ● Performance vs. Written tasks/projects ● Multiple attempts

Instructional Strategies
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Scaffolding ● Modeling ● Chunking ● Direct Instruction ● Monitoring

Possible Instructional Adjustments (Modifications /Accommodations/ Differentiation):
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Small Group vs. Individual work ● Hands on activities ● Instructions/expectations given several ways (lecture/listening/written).

Unit Vocabulary:
Essential: Dynamics (<i>piano, mezzo forte, forte, fortissimo, etc</i>)
Non-Essential: Musical Expression

Interdisciplinary Connections (Applicable Standards):	Integration of Technology:	21 st Century Themes:	21 st Century Skills:
<p>E/LA: NJ SLS</p> <p>Mathematics:</p> <p>Science:</p> <p>Visual and Performing Arts:</p> <p>Health/PE:</p> <p>World Languages: NJSLS.7.1NH.A.3. Recognize some common gestures and cultural practices associated with target culture(s)</p> <p>Social Studies: 6.3 Active Citizenship in the 21st Century: All students will acquire the skills needed to be active, informed citizens who value cultural diversity and promote cultural understanding by working collaboratively to address the challenges that are inherent in living in an interconnected world.</p> <p>Technology: NJSLS.8.1.12.B.1. The use of digital tools and media-rich resources enhances creativity and the construction of knowledge.</p>	<p>Technology: Smart Music</p> <p>YouTube, DVD and CDs: musical examples.</p> <p>CANVAS: network</p> <p>Websites: Vicfirth.com</p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Global Awareness</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Civic Literacy</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Financial, Economic, Business, & Entrepreneurial Literacy</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Health Literacy</p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Creativity & Innovation</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Media Literacy</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Critical Thinking and Problem Solving</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Life and Career Skills</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Information & Communication Technologies Literacy</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Communication & Collaboration</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Information Literacy</p>

Interdisciplinary Connections (Applicable Standards):	Integration of Technology:	21st Century Themes:	21st Century Skills:
21 st Century Life and Careers: CRP12. Work productively in teams while using cultural global competence Library:			

Resources:
<p>Texts/Materials: A diverse and varied collection of performance and practice pieces Manuscript paper Metronome CD player Professional recordings Vic Firth Education Resources Practice Pad and Sticks SmartMusic Software</p> <p>Major Assignments (required): October Concert Holiday Concert Spring Concert End of Year Concert</p> <p>Major Activities (required): Formal Critiques and Discussions of Performances (individual and group)</p>

Unit: 7- Care/Maintenance of Equipment	Recommended Duration: [Weeks– Months] Throughout the school year
Unit Description: The focus of this unit is to develop skills related to the maintenance of instruments, equipment safely, and how to move it efficiently.	

Essential Questions:	Enduring Understandings:
Are there advanced cleaning procedures I can do without taking the instrument to a repair shop?	Proper care and maintenance of an instrument is necessary for its longevity.
How is the sound affected when the inside of my instrument is not clean?	Well cared for instruments sound and play better than dirty and/or neglected instruments.

Relevant Standards:	Learning Goals:	Learning Objectives:
1.2.2.A.1 1.2.2.A.2 1.4.2.A.1 1.4.2.A.2	Students will be able to: Assist with cleaning and maintenance of the entire inventory of percussion instruments. Diagnose and repair minor problems with or without the aid of the teacher.	Cleaning and maintenance of instruments. Repair of instruments.

Formative Assessments	Summative Assessments:	Performance Assessments:	Major Activities/ Assignments (required):
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Daily Sight Reading - Daily Performance practice - Music Work/Notebook - Peer Critique 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Terminology Quizzes - Notation Quizzes - Performance Section Quizzes (individual, small group, full ensemble) - Written (note book) Reflection 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Formal Performance Tests (individual, small group, full ensemble) - Formal Theory Tests 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - October Concert - Holiday Concert - Spring Concert - End of Year Concert - Any other concerts that will occur throughout the school year - Formally critique/discuss music performances presented making use of the common musical vocabulary learned throughout the school year

Possible Assessment Adjustments (Modifications /Accommodations/ Differentiation):

- Additional time to complete tasks/projects
- Performance vs. Written tasks/projects
- Multiple attempts

Instructional Strategies

- Scaffolding
- Modeling
- Chunking
- Direct Instruction
- Monitoring

Possible Instructional Adjustments (Modifications /Accommodations/ Differentiation):

- Small Group vs. Individual work
- Hands on activities
- Instructions/expectations given several ways (lecture/listening/written).

Unit Vocabulary:

Essential: Care and Maintenance

Non-Essential:

Interdisciplinary Connections (Applicable Standards):	Integration of Technology:	21 st Century Themes:	21 st Century Skills:
E/LA: NJ SLS Mathematics: Science: Visual and Performing Arts: Health/PE: World Languages: NJSLS.7.1NH.A.3. Recognize some common gestures and cultural	Technology: Smart Music YouTube, DVD and CDs: musical examples. CANVAS: network Websites: Vicfirth.com	___x___ Global Awareness _x___ Civic Literacy ___ Financial, Economic, Business, & Entrepreneurial Literacy ___ Health Literacy	_x___ Creativity & Innovation ___ Media Literacy ___x___ Critical Thinking and Problem Solving ___ Life and Career Skills ___ Information & Communication Technologies Literacy

Interdisciplinary Connections (Applicable Standards):	Integration of Technology:	21st Century Themes:	21st Century Skills:
<p>practices associated with target culture(s)</p> <p>Social Studies: 6.3 Active Citizenship in the 21st Century: All students will acquire the skills needed to be active, informed citizens who value cultural diversity and promote cultural understanding by working collaboratively to address the challenges that are inherent in living in an interconnected world.</p> <p>Technology: NJSL.8.1.12.B.1. The use of digital tools and media-rich resources enhances creativity and the construction of knowledge.</p> <p>21st Century Life and Careers: CRP12. Work productively in teams while using cultural global competence</p> <p>Library:</p>			<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Communication & Collaboration</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Information Literacy</p>

Resources:
<p>Texts/Materials: A diverse and varied collection of performance and practice pieces Manuscript paper Metronome CD player Professional recordings Vic Firth Education Resources</p>

Resources:

Practice Pad and Sticks
SmartMusic Software

Major Assignments (required):

October Concert
Holiday Concert
Spring Concert
End of Year Concert

Major Activities (required)

Formal Critiques and Discussions of Performances (individual and group)